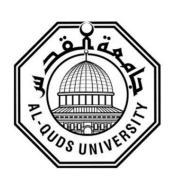
Deanship of Graduate Studies Al-Quds University



Performance Evaluation of Websites Using Machine Learning

Mohammad Rebhi Rateb Ghattas

M.Sc. Thesis

Jerusalem - Palestine

1440 - 2019

Performance Evaluation of Websites Using Machine Learning

Prepared By:

Mohammad Rebhi Rateb Ghattas

B.Sc. Information Technology from Palestine Polytechnic University - Palestine.

Supervisor: Dr. Badie Sartawi

A Thesis Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Master of Science in Computer Science / Department of Computer Science Faculty of Science & Technology / Deanship of Graduate Studies / Al-Quds University

Jerusalem - Palestine

1440 - 2019

Al-Quds University Deanship of Graduate Studies **Computer Science Department**



Thesis Approval

Performance Evaluation of Websites Using Machine Learning

Prepared By: Mohammad Rebhi Rateb Ghattas

Registration No: 21610053

Supervisor: Dr. Badie Sartawi

Master Thesis submitted and accepted, Date 23 June 2019

The names and signatures of the examining committee members are as follows:

1- Head of Committee: Dr. Badic Sartawi

2- Internal Examiner: Dr. Nidal Kafri

Signature Al

3- External Examiner: Dr. Jamil Itmazi

Signature

Signature 3. De Sertang

Jerusalem - Palestine 1440 / 2019

Dedication

I dedicate my thesis to my family. A special feeling of gratitude to my loving

parents, whose words of encouragement and push for tenacity ring in my ears,

and who never left my side and are very special. I also dedicate this

dissertation to my beloved wife, and I will always appreciate her patience,

encouragement and all she has done for me. I also dedicate this dissertation to

my brothers, sister, my children and friends who have supported me

throughout the process.

Thank you all

Mohammad Rebhi Rateb Ghattas

Declaration

I certify that this thesis submitted for the degree of Master is the result of my

own research, except where otherwise acknowledgment and that this thesis

or any part of the same has not been submitted for a higher degree to any

other university or institution.

Mohammad Rebhi Rateb Ghattas

Date: 23 June 2019

i

Acknowledgment

All praise is to Allah......

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to my supervisor, Dr. Badie Sartawi. He has offered me great freedom on choosing my favorite research topic and developing my research interests, and continuously provided me help and encouragement with extensive knowledge. His ideas have been a source of inspiration for this work. I also thank the examining committee, all my colleagues and relatives for their support. Finally, I also thank all the lecturers.

Many thanks to my mother and my wife for them praying and providing support and to my father thank you very much.

Abstract

The Web is playing a major role in various application domains such as business, education, engineering, and entertainment. As a result, there are increasing interests in designing and developing an effective website to deliver a high degree of performance. Therefore, automated support for web designers is becoming more important to evaluate websites performance. Hence, many of the previous studies tried to evaluate websites performance by developing a static model and it's unless used for more domain.

The aims of this thesis are: (i) to explore the best metrics that most affect website performance; (ii) propose a dynamic model for performance evaluation of websites by using machine learning that called is PEML; and (iii) to help webmaster and decision-makers to know what improvements are needed to enhance the performance and the final relative weights of metrics in the level of the hierarchy.

This research proposes a dynamic model to performance evaluation of websites using machine learning method by applied two regression methods experiments namely, multiple linear regression and support vector machine regression on the same dataset that collected, to take the best performance of regression methods to generate weight for every metric and then developing a new dynamic model to evaluate websites performance.

Keywords

website performance, regression, machine learning, web metrics, support vector machine, multiple linear regression, evaluation, RapidMiner.

Table of Content

Declara	ation	i
Acknov	wledgment	ii
Abstrac	ct	iii
List of	Tables	vi
List of	Figures	vii
List of	Appendices	viii
List of	Abbreviations	ix
Introdu	action	1
1.1	Research Overview	1
1.2	Problem Statement	2
1.3	Research Purpose	3
1.4	Research Questions	3
1.5	Research Limitations	3
1.6	Research Contributions	4
1.7	Research Methodology	4
1.8	Thesis Outline	5
Backgr	ound	7
2.1	Study Terminologies	7
2.2	Machine Learning	9
2.2	2.1 Supervised Learning	10
2.2	2.2 Unsupervised learning	15
2.2	2.3 Deep learning	15
2.2	2.4 Semi-supervised learning	15
2.2	2.5 Reinforcement learning	15
Literat	ure Reviews	16
3.1	Website evaluation studies	16
3.2	Performance Standard	30
3.3	Conclusions	31
Propos	ed Method	32
4.1	Identification of metrics that affect the performance of the website	33
4.2	Experiments Setup	34
4.2	2.1 Experimental Environment	34
12	2.2 Evnerimental Tools	3/

4.2	2.3 Experimental setting	36			
4.3	Collection of data and creating of the dataset	36			
4.4	Determine machine learning method	41			
4.4	4.1 linear regression model	42			
4.4	4.2 Support vector machine regression model	43			
4.5	Calculating weights for every metric	45			
4.6	Model evaluation	46			
Model A	Model Analysis and Evaluation48				
5.1	Model Analysis	48			
5.1.1 Model Analysis Using SPSS Tool					
5.1	1.2 Model Analysis Using Machine Learning	50			
5.2	Model Evaluation	52			
5.3	Identifying most important metrics	56			
5.4	Building Model	57			
5.5	Benchmarking	59			
Conclusion and Future work61					
6.1	Conclusion	61			
6.2	Future work	61			
Bibliography62					
Arabic Abstract65					
Appendices67					

List of Tables

Table 2.1: Example of datasets
Table 3.1 Summary of the above literature review
Table 3.2: Standard of the website performance
Table 4.1: Website Performance Measurement Metrics by Online Questionnaire (local experts opinion)
Table 4.2: The environment of the experiment
Table 4.3: Website Performance Measurement Metric
Table 4.4: Online Web- Diagnostic Tools for Data Collection
Table 4.5: Sample of the original dataset
Table 4.6: The dataset for analysis
Table 4.7: Description of the dataset
Table 5.1: Coefficients of used metrics
Table 5.2: Highly affected metrics on website performance
Table 5.3: Results comparison results of models53
Table 5.4 Original data
Table 5.5 Final result for e-government websites performance

List of Figures

Figure 2.1: Machine learning subfields
Figure 2.2 : linear regression model
Figure 2.3 : Linear SVR14
Figure 4.1: The steps of implement the methodology model
Figure 4.2: The most influence among the collected metrics
Figure 4.3: The main process of linear regression method in Rapid Miner tool42
Figure 4.4: The main process of support vector machine method in Rapid Miner tool44
Figure 4.5: The level of the hierarchy of web metrics
Figure 5.1: Performance of model by LR50
Figure 5.2: The plot of prediction of performance of the websites versus the linear line
using the linear regression method51
Figure 5.3: Performance of model by SVM
Figure 5.4: Comparison with real websites performance data and predictive ones by linear
regression model54
Figure 5.5: Comparison with real websites performance data and predictive ones by
Support Vector Machine model54
Figure 5.6: The correlation matrix among metrics55
Figure 5.7: Correlation the relevance of the metric56
Figure 5.8: The level of the hierarchy of web metrics57
Figure 5.9: The linear regression model58
Figure 5.10: The formula of the model

List of Appendices

Appendix 1: Questionnaire Form Online	67
Appendix 2: The Results Questionnaire Online	70

List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation Abbreviations Full Name

LR Linear Regression

SVM Support Vector Machine

LWM Linear Weightage Model

AHP Analytical Hierarchy Process

FAHP Fuzzy Analytical Hierarchy Process

RP Rapid miner

Chapter 1

Introduction

This chapter introduces the thesis. It describes the problem statement, purpose, research questions, limitations, contributions, methodology and organization of the thesis.

1.1 Research Overview

Lately, we have got become witness to an important alteration of our lives to a worldwide with the incipience of the web era. The web is an increasingly more vital asset in many sides of life: government, education, commerce and more [3]. Hence, Websites are a key element in obtaining the right information about the institutions. However, when it comes to a huge number of synchronous users these websites performance decreases considerably.

Utilizing the web devices many institutions become been able to raise their being customer-focused and their attributes of services and products. The analysis of the web site is currently thought to be an essential facet of attracting customers' attention[3]. In this study, it is logical to explore metrics into measure the performance of websites, whether to study the communication efficiency that they represent or in order to build useful appraisal metrics.

As result of the above requirements, it is important to provide a method to evaluate the performance quality of websites which include various technological and logical factors. Each definition of performance quality from literature leads to lists of criteria about what constitutes a good quality website and how to measure the performance [8]. Therefore, it is

important to build a model into evaluation websites performance, thus ensuring the development of modern websites and keeping abreast of modern technology.

This study employed machine learning to build a mathematical model approach to evaluating the performance quality of websites. In this thesis, we suggest an method based on appropriate metrics for evaluating websites performance.

This study proposed to build an understandable and applicable dynamic model for evaluating websites performance by using previous studies as a case study. By establishing a practical model, it is expected that organizations can better understand whether a given website can meet the expectations of its users, they serve in order to grow their satisfaction level.

1.2 Problem Statement

The website is becoming more important each day for conducting business, sharing information, and communication. Each passing day, the number of organizations, companies, and individuals propagation their websites is increasing.

Hence, the task of evaluating and improving the websites can be intimidating, considering the number of websites available, and the frequency of updates. As a result, automated support for web designers is becoming more important to evaluate websites performance. It is necessary to provide an easy method to performance evaluation of websites, which include several technological and logical factors, as a contribution to addressing this need.

Therefore, the problems in this study are: How to determine the best metrics that affect websites performance, what are the weights of every metric of website performance, how can arrangement for metrics that more affect websites performance in the level of the hierarchy, and how to evaluate the performance of the proposed approach.