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Socio-Economic Study of Agriculture and Rural System in the Qalqilia Governorate

Abstract

The socio-economic factors are considered the most important drivers of the agricultural community and its rural system. Since the agricultural process faces obstacles that affect the costs of production requirements, and the agricultural production is insufficient to satisfy the basic needs of many farmers, this study investigated these influential factors in agriculture and the rural system in the Qalqilia Governorate. The hypothesis question is: "What is the relationship of the socio-economic factors with agriculture and the rural system in the Qalqilia Governorate?"

To study these objectives, the researcher asked some questions that attempted to uncover the similarities between the urban and rural communities, the impact of increased agricultural experience on reducing production costs, and the relation that connects the farmers' outlook and their ties with their lands and profession. Therefore, it was assumed that the increased agricultural experience reduces production costs, and the more positive is the outlook, the more ties there are with work and land.

The objective of this research was a socio-economic study of agriculture and the rural system in the Qalqilia Governorate in order to identify some of these socio-economic factors of the farmers through comparing between two agricultural regions represented by the city on the one hand and some villages of Jurat Amra on the other hand. The study also discussed the viewpoints of farmers regarding their future agricultural career, in addition to exploring the relationship between the experience of farmers measured in number of years in agriculture and financial returns of the farm.

The study population was represented by the town and rural area of the Qalqilia Governorate. The study sample consisted of farmers (n. 60) divided equally between the two regions by using the random sample.

The researcher used the descriptive analysis technique to analyse the socio-economic characteristics of this study. Date were analyzed and interpreted within the frame of scientific research.

The study was based on two kinds of information: the basic sources including questionnaires, references, and interviews, and secondary sources such as former literature and publications. The questionnaire included varied fields such as demographic data, socio-economic data, production data, and farmers' viewpoints that represent the farmers' status and their agricultural conditions. After analyzing the outcomes by using the SPSS and calculating the arithmetic means and percentages, the researcher reached the following findings:

There are close similarities between the two parts of the study population as shown by some of the socio-economic indicators such as sex of landowner: Male, average age of landowner: 54.8 years, average age of marriage: More than 60% of males: more than 26 years; females: more than 90% under 27 years, marriage costs for about 75% of married people: between 7000 – 8000 JD, average monthly expenses: 601 JD, family expenses

from farm products: 149 JD, in addition to the right of education for women, their participation in decision-making, and her right to work.

Cash flow reached 101371 NIS per annum. If we deduct cash flow from outside the farm, which is 55492 NIS, the result is 43879 NIS, that is 900 NIS annually for every farming family. This finding shows that agriculture is not able to satisfy the farmers' needs, that is to say, it is not feasible to have agriculture as an independent profession. Comparing this finding with the average age of the farming profession of the farmer which does not exceed 20 years, it is concluded that there is no significant correlation between years of experience in agriculture and financial returns of the farm.

Farmers' viewpoints regarding the future are generally negative. There was consensus on expecting poor income in the future, as 65% of them expressed this expectation. All of the sample members agreed that farming lands and water will decrease. Nevertheless, all of them expressed their love to their lands and professions. Moreover, 75% of them stated that they did not want to change their farming professions.

The study also reached several findings such as weak agricultural counseling, multiple ownership, high agricultural costs, weak agricultural infrastructure, and agriculture cannot be relied on as an independent profession.

In accordance with the findings of the study, the researcher made some recommendations such as enhancing the efficiency of establishments and departments related to agriculture in raising the farmers' awareness of agriculture in order to increase its profitability, the methods that may help in making it a feasible profession, the necessity of rationalization in using chemicals which consume 35% of the costs of agricultural production, the necessity to establish agricultural cooperative societies to provide the essential agricultural infrastructure such as agricultural machinery, providing consultative services continuously, establishing women societies, and doing future researches on the subject of the study.

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%9.2 %30

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(2006

%91 %145 %236 %90 %90

(http://www.pnic.gov.ps/arabic/agriculture/agri0_10.html)

1826 (%90.2

%9.8 856

%56.4 %43.6 507.7

556.9 (2006)

601 (

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(http://www.pnic.gov.ps/arabic/environment/environmenta.html)

%48   (/ 2006).

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.2.1.5.3   :

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.3.1.5.3   :

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.1.1.4 :

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4.1.2. :

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8.3

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4.2.1. :

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4.2.1.1. :

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.2.1.2.4   :

.(1.4)

1.4:

	(2) 30=	(1) 30=	(60)=
	53.90	55.83	54.86

(55.833)   (53.900)

(54.86)

( )   (2.4):

2.4 :   ( )

( )	( )	*
1.01	1.69	0.31

*   (0.05)

(2.4)   ( )   (1.01)   ( )

(1.69)

.(2005/2004 -   ) .   47.2 (   )

منخفض

.3.1.2.4   :

(3.4)

3.4:

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	11	10	21
	12	12	24
	0	0	0
	0	0	0
	0	6	6
	7	2	9
	0	0	0
	30	30	60

(45)   .

(4.4):

4.4:

		*
8.82	7.81	0.03*

(8.82)　　　　　　　　( )

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.(5.4)

:5.4

	(2) (30)=	(1) 30=	
8.3	8.7	7.8	
3.9	4.0	3.9	
4.1	4.5	3.7	
2.9	3.1	2.8	60- 14
2.9	3.2	2.6	60- 14
2.55	2.5	2.6	60　　　　　14

(8.3) (5.4)

(3.9) (8.7) (7.8)

(4.1)

60- 14

14 (2.9) 60- 14 (2.9)

.(2.55) 60

) 7.9

(2000) % 3.5 (2005/2004

.2.2.4 :

:

.3.2.4 :

(6.4)

6.4:

	(2) (30)=	(1) 30=	
115	62	53	
21	11	10	
22	10	12	+
17	9	8	+
73.17	75.66	70.6	/ ( )

(62)　　　　　　　　　(53)　　　　(115)

　　　　　　　　　　+　　　　　　　　+

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．　　　　(75.66)　　　　(70.06)　　(73.17)

.4.2.4　　　　　　:

% 30.9　%11.1

(7.4)　　　．(2004/ 11　　　　　　)

．

:7.4　　　　　　　　　．

	(2) (30)=	(1) 30=	
1.25	1.33	1.17	/
0.25	0.33	0.17	. /
2.8	3.0	2.6	/
4.1	4.5	3.7	/

(1.25)　　　　(1.33)　(1.17)

(3.0)　(2.6)

(2.8)

(0.25)　　　(0.33)　(0.17)

(4.1)　　　(4.5)　(3.7)

%32   %40

.(2005/2004   )

.5.2.4   :

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.6.2.4   :

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(.

.7.2.4   :

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(   )

(   )

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.8.2.4   :

(8.4)   .

8.4:   .

	(2) **30=**	**(1)** **(30)=**	
3	0	3	21–18
9	0	9	25–22
30	15	15	29–26
18	15	3	29

(29-26)

26   (26-

(29.

(20- 29 %71)

/2000) 30 22.7%.

4.2.9. :

(9.4) .

9.4: .

	(1) =30	**(2) =(30)**	
16-19	10	8	18
20-23	14	11	25
24-27	5	10	15
27	1	1	2

(16-27)

(16-27)

15-19 53%

(/2000)

20.8% (2006)

.

4.2.10

(10.4)

.

	(2) (30)=	(1) 30=	
0	0	0	4000-3000
16	9	7	6000-5000
44	21	23	8000-7000

(6000-5000)

(8000-7000)

8-7   %73

)   8497

.(2000/

.11.2.4   :

.(   )

.12.2.4   :

.(11.4)

:11.4

60 =	(2) 30 =	(1) 30 =	
42	1923	19	
18	7	11	
16	6	10	
44	24	20	

(42)

.

13.2.4.   :

.(12.4)

(12.4)   (60)

(11)

(17)   (15)

(17)

.

	(2) 30=	(1) 30=	(60)=
	30	30	60
	0	0	0
	6	5	11
	9	8	17
	6	9	15
	9	8	17

.14.2.4 :

.(13.4)

:13.4

	(2) 30=	(1) 30=	(60)=
( )	6	7	13
	14	18	32
( )	10	15	25

(32)

(25)

.

*	( )	( )
0.32		2.24

*: (0.05)

–

.

4.2.15. :

(15.4)

15.4: /

	(2) =30	(1) =30	
197	189	206	
49.70	49.20	50.20	
35.5	36	35	
59.68	69.5	49.87	
32.25	29.5	35	
32.08	29.5	34.6	
31.1	29.1	33.1	
35.5	36.0	35.0	
5	5	5	
125.1	126	124.3	
601.5	598.8	604.2	/

(604.2)   (601.5)

(598.8)

.

.16.2.4   :

.(16.4)

16.4:   /

	(1) = **30**	(2) = **30**	
	34.5	–	34.5
	34.5	32.0	33.25
	34.6	36.8	35.7
	35.8	29.0	32.4
	23.5	22.3	22.9

.

.17.2.4   :

.(17.4)

(17.4)

40%

.

17.4:

	(1) =30	(2) =30	=(60)
	19	18	37
	11	12	23
	11	15	26
	19	15	34

4.2.18. :

(18.4).

(18.4)

(5.40)   (5.47)

(5.33)

(35.75)

(3.60)   (4.13)

(35.75)

(37.17)   (34.44)

: (19.4) ( )

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	5.47	5.33	5.40
	3.60	4.13	3.87
	37.17	34.33	35.75

:19.4 ( )

.

	( )	( )	*
	0.31	1.96	0.75
	-1.17	1.96	0.09
	-1.31	1.96	0.19

.

%8.6

.(2000)

/

(4.20)

4.20:

/

	(1) **= 30**	**(2)** **= 30**	**= 60**
	3.13	2.93	3.03
	0.87	0.87	0.87

(3.03)

(3.13)   (2.93)

(0.87)

.

4.2.20.   :

(   )

3.12   .

4.2.21.   :

(4.21)

:21.4

	30 = (1)	30 = (2)	60 =
/	2983.33	2566.6	2775.0
/	470.0	310.0	390.0
/	3453.3	2876.6	3165.0
. ( )	490.0	481.6	485.8
/	170	175	172.5
	4113	3532	3822

/

(3852.5)   (4113)

(3532)   /

/   (390.0)   /

(470)   (310)

(172.5)

.

3.4

.

.1.3.4   :

.

4.3.2. :

.

4.3.3. :

(60)

4.5

.

4.3.4. :

(4.22).

4.22:

	(1) = 30	**(2) = 30**	**= 60**
	30	30	60

(60) .

4.3.5. :

(4.23).

<div dir="rtl">

:23.4   .

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	0	0	.
	30	30	60
	0	0	0
	30	30	60
	30	30	60
	0	0	0

.

4.4

.

1.4.4

(24.4).

</div>

.

	(2)	(1)	
60=	30 =	30 =	
60	30	30	
60.6	66.1	55.2	
27166.6	28666.6	25666.6	

(66.1) (55.2) (60.6)

(27166.6)

(28666.6) (25666.6)

.

2.4.4 :

.(25.4)

(25.4)

(18) (7) (25)

(35)

(12) (23) .

(241) (200.5)

(160) .

	(1) 30 =	(2) 30 =	60 =
	7	18	25
	23	12	35
	241	160.0	200.5

.3.4.4 :

(26.4)

:26.4

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	7	13	20
	23	17	40
	30	30	60
	463	531	497

(7)   (13)

(497)   (463)

(531)   .

4.4.4 ( ) (:

(60)

:

.

5.4

(27.4).

27.4:

	(1) 30 =	(2) 30 =	60 =
	6	1	7
	24	29	53
	6	1	7
	7.4	8	7.7
	2457	2600	2528.5
	6.66	7	6.83
	41.66	0	20.83

(53)

(7)

(7.7)   (7.4)

(8)

(2457)   (2600)   (2528.5)

(6.83)

(20.83)

6.4 .

:

.1.6.4 : .

.2.6.4 :

(60)

.

.3.6.4 :

.

4.28:

	(1) **30 =**	(2) **30 =**	**60 =**
	0	0	0
	30	30	60

(60) .

4.6.4 :

(29.4)

4.29:

	(1) 30 =	(2) 30=	60 =
	0	30	30
	30	0	30

.

4.7

(30.4)

4.30:

	(1) 30 =	(2) 30 =	60 =
	30	30	60
	0	0	0
	30	30	60
	16	14	30
	14	16	30
	30	30	60

.

8.4

.

4.8.1.   :

(60)

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9.4

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4.9.1.   :

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.2.9.4 :

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.3.9.4 :

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.1.3.9.4 **(10)** :

(10) (31.4)

41

(10)	(1) 30 =	(2) 30 =	60 =
	30	30	60

(60)

.

.2.3.9.4   **(10)**   :

(10)   (32.4)

(10)	(1) 30 =	(2) 30 =	60 =
	30	30	30

(10)

(60)   .

.3.3.9.4   **(10)**   :

(10)   (33.4)

(10)	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	60=
	30	30	60

(10)

(60)

.

4.3.9.4 :

.(34.4)

34.4:

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%100	%100	%100
	0	0	.
	0	0	0
	0	0	0
	30	30	60

.

.(%100)

4.9.4 :

.

1.4.94 :

(35.4)

	(1) =30	(2) =30	=(60)
	9	13	22
	0	0	0
	13	11	24
	0	0	0
	8	6	14
	0	0	0
	30	30	60

(22)

(24)

(14)

)   .

4.9.4.2.   :

(4.36)

4.36:

	(1) =30	(2) =30	=(60)
	0	0	0
	30	30	60

(60)

.

3.4.9.4   :

(37.4)

37.4:

	(1) **30 =**	(2) **30 =**	**(60)=**
	%23.3	%25	%48.3
	%26.7	%25	%51.7
	%50	%50	%100

(%48.3)

(%23.3)   (%25)
(%25)   (%51.7)   (%26.7)

.

4.4.9.4   :

.(38.4)

38.4:

	(1) **14=**	(2) **15=**	**(29)=**
	%48.3	%51.7	%100
	0	0	0

45

(%48.3)

. (%51.7)

.

.5.4.9.4 :

(39.4)

4.39:

	(1)	(2)	
	14=	15=	(29)=
	%48.3	%51.7	%100
	0	0	0

(%48.3)

.(%51.7)

.

.5.9.4 :

.

.1.5.9.4 :

.

4.9.5.2.

(40.4)

4.40:

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	0	0	0
	30	30	60

(60) .

.

4.9.5.3. :

(41.4)

4.41:

	(1) =30	(2) =30	(60) =
	%13.3	%20	%33.3
	%36.7	%30	%66.7
	%50	%50	%100

(33.3%)

(66.7%)

47

.

4.9.5.4.

(42.4)

4.42:

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%28.3	%25	%53.3
	%21.7	%25	%46.7
	%50	%50	%100

(53.3%)

(28.3%)   (25%)

(21.7%)   (46.7%)

(25%)

.

4.9.5.5.   :

(60)

.

4.9.5.6.   :

(43.4)

:43.4

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%1.6	0	%1.6
	%16.7	%13.3	%29.9
	%31.7	%36.7	%68.4
	%50	%50	%100

(%68.4)

. (%29.9)

.

.7.5.9.4 :

(44.4)

:44.4

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%21.7	%21.7	%43.4
	%28.3	%28.3	%56.6
	%50	%50	%100

(%43.4)

(%56.6)

.

49

4.9.6. :

(45.4)

45.4 :

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%15	%15	%30
	%13.3	%20	%33.3
	%21.7	%15	%22.7
	%50	%50	%100

(%30)

(%33.3)

(%22.7)

:

. (

/1999).

4.9.7. :

.

4.9.7.1. :

(46.4)

50

		(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
		%50	%50	%100
		%50	%50	%100
		%15	%10	%25
		%35	%40	%75
		%50	%50	%100
		0	0	0
		%50	%50	%100
		11.6	18.4	%30
	+	%38.4	%31.6	%70
		%50	%50	%100

(%100)

(%100) (%75)

.

.2.7.9.4 :

(47.4)

47.4:

	(1)	(2)	
	30=	30=	(60)=
	%50	%50	%100

(60) .

4.9.7.3 :

.(48.4)

48.4:

	(1)	(2)	(60)=
	30=	30=	
	21.6	18.3	39.9
	28.4	31.7	60.1
	50	50	100

(

)

(60.1%)
(36.9%)

(

)

.(

52

4.9.8. :

(4.49)

4.49:

	(1)	(2)	=(60)
	30=	30=	
	30	30	60

(60)

.

4.9.9. :

(4.50)

4.50:

	(1)	(2)	=(60)
	30=	30=	
	15%	10%	25%
	15%	20%	35%
	20%	20%	40%
	50%	50%	100%

(%35)

(%40)   .   (%25)

.

10.4

.

.1.10.4   :

(51.4)

51.4:

	(1) **30=**	(2) **30=**	**(60)=**
	%50	%50	%100

.

.2.10.4   :

(52.4)

(52.4)

.

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%50	%50	%100
	%10	%6.7	%16.7
	%13.3	%5	%18.3
	%3.3	%1.7	%5
	%23.3	36.7	%60
	%50	%50	%100

.3.10.4 :

(53.4)

: 53.4

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	3.57	3.47	3.52

(4-2) (3.52) 3.57 (3.47)

.

.4.10.4 :

(54.4)

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	60=
	31.7	%33.3	%65
	%18.3	%16.7	%35
	%50	%50	%100

(%65)

.(%35)

11.4

:

4.11.1.   :

.

:55.4

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	=(60)
	%18.3	%26.7	%45
	%31.7	%23.3	%55
	%50	%50	%100

(   )   (%45)

(%55)

(   ) .

.2.11.4

.

12.4

.

.1.12.4

(4.56)

4.56 :

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%15	23.3	%38.3
	%25	%16.7	%41.7
	%10	%10	%20
	%50	%50	%100

(%38.3)

(%41.7)

(%20)

.

2.12.4

(57.4)

57.4:

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%50	%50	%100

.

3.12.4.

(58.4).

58.4:

	(1) 30=	**(2) 30=**	**(60)=**
	%18.3	%13.3	%31.6
	%16.7	%13.3	%30
	0	0	0
	%15	%23.4	%38.4
	%50	%50	%100

(   ) (   ) (   )

(%31.6)

(%30)

(%38.4) .

13.4

.

1.13.4.

.

2.13.4. :

(59.4).

59.4:

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%11.6	%13.3	24.9
	%38.4	%36.7	75.1
	%50	%50	%100

(%24.9)

(75.1) .

3.13.4.

(60.4)

60.4:

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%31.7	%21.6	%53.3
3+1	%18.3	%28.4	%46.7
	%50	%50	%100

.

(%46.7)

.

4.14

(61.4)

61.4 :

	(1) 30=	(2) 30=	(60)=
	%16.7	%18.3	%35
	%33.3	%31.7	%65
	%50	%50	%100

(%65)   (%35)

%87   %47.4

(7   2004).

4.14.1.   :

4.14.2.

.

4.15

(62.4)

4.62:   /

	(1) 7=	(2) 18=	
	28	113	141
	35	147	182
	19200	96200	115400
	30050	110900	140950
	10850	14700	25550

( )

.

.

16.4 ( )

(63.4)

/( ) :63.4

	(2)	(1)	
10	2	8	
20050	3500	16550	
18500	3000	15500	
18300	4500	13800	
23200	5000	18200	
8500	1000	7500	
88500	17000	71500	
88	16.5	71.5	
101100	19800	81300	
12600	2800	9800	

%44

%38

.

8.9

.   (8.5)

17.4   (   )

(64.4)

:64.4   (   )

	(2)	(1)	
86	0	86	
27700	0	27700	
21600	0	21600	
28200	0	28200	
1600	0	1600	
5650	0	5650	
60150	0	60150	
91.5	0	91.5	
75500	0	75500	
15350	0	15350	

(   )

878   −   .

% 80

18.4   (   )

(65.4)

	(2)	(1)	
223	223	0	
9850	9850	0	
27200	27200	0	
37050	37050	.	
43240 15000	43240 15000	.	(+)
58240	58240	.	
21190	21190	.	

* : 34

95 - - -

152

– . -

19.4 ( )

(66.4)

:66.4

	(2)	(1)	
57	57	0	
15350	15350	0	
10900	10900	0	
82766	*82766	0	
119720	119720	0	

* : .

%12 - – .

20.4:

(67.4)

67.4: *

	(2)	(1)	
317606	160806	156800	
140950	110900	30050	.
45879	21199	24680	
504435	292905	211530	
201050	69400	131650	
115400	96200	19200	.
86615	43113	43502	.
403065	208713	194352	
101371	84193	17178	

:

= *12

%83

( )

( ) %43

( )

.

%63

%86　　　　　(　　)　　　　　　　　　　　　　(　　)

.

%20

.

（7502- =24680-17178）

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(62994=21199-84193)

.

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1.5

.

2.5

:

%40   %35

54.66

8.3

:

. 7210 3822

.

%60 :

27 %90 26

(8000-7000)

.

.

%38

. %62

( )

%45

%59

%11

%89

%50

60

.

.

3.5

:

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54.6

%75 %90 27 %60 26

(604-598) (8000-7000)

(4113-3532)

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101371 .

900 43879 5549

20

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4.5

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- (2000): .

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2004.

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- (2006): 2002/2003

2006.

- (2005):

2004/2005.

- (1998):

1198

- (2000): .

- (1999):

( ).

- – (2004) 7

2004.

- – (2004) 11

2004.

- (1997) –

- (1999): .

http://www.moa.gov.ps/forum/forumdisplay.php?f=2http://www.pnic.gov.ps/ arabic/environment/environmenta.htmlhttp://www.pnic.gov.ps/arabic/agricult ure/agri0_10.html

73

0.0

0.1

20　(4) 20-10(3) 10-5(2)　5　(1)

0.2

+2 (8) 3+2(7)　(6)　(5)　(4)　(3)　(2)　(1)

/　　/　　0.3

0.4

(5)　　　(4)　　(3)　(2)　(1)

(　)　.1

1.1

1.1.1

(2)　(1)　1.1.1.1

- - - - - - - - - - -　1.1.1.2

1.1.1.3

(6)　(5)　(4)　(3)　(3)　(2)　(1)

1.1.1.4

/　(4)　　/　(3)　　(2)　　(1)

1.1.2

- - - - -　1.1.2.1

1.1.2.2

1.1.2.3

60-14　1.1.2.4

60-14　1.1.2.5

60　14　1.1.2.6

1.2

1.2.1

/　1.2.1.1

3+1(6) 3+2(5)　(4)　(3)　(2)　(1)

- - - - - - - - - - - - - -　/　1.2.1.2

(　)　/

(＿＿＿)＿＿＿＿(＿＿＿)＿＿＿＿(＿＿＿)＿＿＿＿(＿＿＿)＿＿＿＿1.2.

1.3

1.3.1

1.3.1.1

1.3.1.1.1 _____

1.3.1.1.2 /

1.3.1.1.3

(1)   (2)   (3)   (4)   (5)   (6)   (7)

1.3.1.2

1.3.1.2.1 _____

1.3.1.2.2 /

1.3.1.2.3

(1)   (2)   (3)   (4)   (5)   (6)   (7) 4+1

4+2+1(8)

1.3.2

1.3.2.1

1.3.2.1.1 _____

1.3.2.1.2 /

1.3.2.1.3

(1)   (2)   (3)   (4)   (5)   (6)

1.3.2.2

1.3.2.2.1 _____

1.3.2.2.2 /

1.3.2.2.3

(1)   (2)   (3)   (4)   (5)   (6)

2.

2.0.1

(1)21-18 (2) 25-22 (3)29-26 (4)   29

2.0.2

(1) 19-16 (2) 23-20 (3) 27-24 (4)   27

2.0.3   (1)   (2)

2.0.4 ------------------------------

2.0.5

(1) 4000-3000 (2) 6000-5000 (3)8000-7000 (4)   8000

75

2.0.6

(2)　　　　　(3)　　　　　(1)

2.0.7　　　------------------------

2.0.8

2.0.9

(1)　　(2)　　(3)　　　(3)　　(4)　　(5)　　(6)

2.0.10　　　　　　　　　(1)　　(2)　　/

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(1)　　　　(2)　　(3)　　　　(4)

2.0.12　　　　　　　(1)　　(2)　　/

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2.0.14

(1)　　　　(2)　　　(3)　　　　(4)

2.0.15　　　　　　　(1)　　(2)　　/

2.0.16

(1)　　　　(2)　　　　(3)　　　　(4)

2.0.17

(1)　　　　(2)　　(3)　　　(4)

2.0.18

(1)　　　　(2)　　(3)　　　(4)

2.0.19　　　　(1)　　(2)　　/

2.0.20

(1)--------------------(2)----------------------(3)------------------

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2.0.21　　　　　　　(1)　　(2)

2.0.22------------------------------------

2.0.23　　　　　　　(1)　　(2)

2.0.24

(1)　　(2)　　(3)　　　(4)

2.0.25

(1)　　　　　　(2)　　　　　(3)

76

2.0.26

(4)   (3)   (2)   (1)

1.2 المصروفات

Remarks	المجموع (دينار/الشهر)	الاحتياج
		الطعام 2.1.1
		اللباس 2.1.2
		الكهرباء 2.1.3
		المواصلات 2.1.4
		المياه 2.1.5
		الغاز 2.1.6
		الوقود السائل2.1.7
		الاتصالات 2.1.8
		الدواء 2.1.9
		التامين الصحي2.1.10
		التعليم 2.1.11
		استئجار البيت2.1.12
		التامين الاجتماعي 2.1.13
		أخرى 2.1.14
		المجموع /السنة 2.1.15

2.1   (   )

Remarks	(/)	/	/	
				2.2.1
				2.2.2
				2.2.3
				2.2.4
				2.2.5
				2.2.6

2.2

2.3

2.3.1   (1)   (2)

2.3.1.1

(1)   (2)   (3) (   )   (4)   (5)

2.3.2

(1)   (2)   (3)   (4)

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9.8.2 (1) (2)

9.8.3
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)

9.8.4
(1) (2) (3) (4) 3+1

9.8.5
(1) (2) (3)

9.8.6 (1) (2)

9.8.7 (1) (2)

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420 19 :

6 2200 7155

430 16 :

250 9356

. 6.9 1620

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360 22 :

7.4 2482 18931

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