



-

-

2010 / 1431

-

:

/

/

2010 / 1431



/

-

:

20510108 :

:

2010 / / 30 :

:

.....	-	-1
.....	-	-2
.....	-	-3

-

2010 / 1431

.....

:

2010 / / 30 :

...

.....

...

...

"

"

"

"

:

.

.

.

.

.

.

.

.

.

“ ”

.

:

: (Relapse) .1

" (27 :2006)

"

(Matrix,2003,)

(65 :2002)

"

"

.2

)

() (325 :2002

"

"

(57 :2006)

" "

....

(14 :2003)

"

" (325 :2002)

"

" : (13 :1990)

"

" (27 :1993)

"

" (9 :1986)

."

" (15: 1989)

."

."

.3

(17 :1986)

:

() .1

. .2

. .3

(WHO)

"

" (39 :2006)

."

"

()

"(33: 2001)

.

"

/

" (54 :1994)

."

Addiction " (18 :2003)

."

" Toxicomaine- Drug addiction

:

o

(29 :1993)

1964

" : 1973

" "

"

:

.4

.(204 :1990)

" (17 :1997)

"(102 :1999)

"

" Addict (17 :2003)

"

.Withdrawal Syndrome

.

: ()

.5

" (248: 2001)

" (276 :) "

Recovered

"(135: 2002) .

Drug Addict

"

:

.

-

.

.

:

.1

(109)

.2

(53)

(162)

(2005)

(100)

.(0.97)

:
)
 Stepwise (0.217 R
 0.02
)
 إجراء معامل الانحدار ()
 المتعدد بطريقة Stepwise حيث بلغت قيمة R 0.229 وهي دالة عند مستوى 0.001.

)

.(

)

(

)

(

)

(

"Relapse degree among sample of drug ex-addicts and addicts"

Prepared by : Afaf Rabee

Supervised by : Prof: Taisir Abdallah

The Abstract

The study aimed at identifying the degree of relapse and the reversion to drug addiction by the addicts and ex-addicts post the treatment process and the most effective factors which affect the relapse and the reversion to the addiction substances, knowing that the ratio of drug treatment of addicts is internationally low. At the same time, there is an increase in the size of the phenomenon of drug addiction in the Palestinian Society despite the national and official efforts to limit the use and misuse of the phenomenon of drug addiction with reference to awareness, prevention and intervention programs.

To achieve the objectives of the study, the population and sample of the study were defined. The study population consisted of the addicts and ex-addicts at the Treatment, Rehabilitation and Restoration Centers.

The study sample consisted of 2 samples:

1. 109 addicts under treatment who are distributed among one In-Patient Treatment Center (NGO), and seven Restoration Centers allocated in the Northern and the Middle Governorates affiliated to the Palestinian Authority.
2. 53 Ex- addicts who have completed their treatment process since 2 years and are in contact with the follow up counseling programs provided by the affiliated Treatment Centers.

The total number of the study sample is 162 .

The researcher used the Descriptive Methodology to compare the reasons that caused the relapse as well as the reversion to drug use among drug addicts and ex-addicts due to certain variables .

The researcher used the questionnaire called "Situations of Relapse (100)" prepared by Askar & others (2005), which includes the Risky situations which lead to the relapse of drug addiction due to its psychological effects.

The questionnaire was judged by a group of specialists and the Reliability Coefficient was applied to the Situations' Divisions and the Validity of the total questionnaire was (0.97). The information were gathered and classified in addition to the scientific analysis to extract the results.

The study attained the following results :

- The variables which predicted the relapse of the addicts were using the Hubble Bubble or have joined a treatment program or during imprisonment and this was found through the stepwise variable which its value was found as R 0.217 and this was significant at the (0.02) level. .
- The variables which predicted the relapse by the ex-addicts were the Hubble Bubble and drug use of ecstasy pills through the stepwise variable which was found R .229 and this is statistically significant at the (0.001) level .
- There were no significant differences related to the degree of relapse for the addicts compared to the ex-addicts at the eight relapse situations : Eagerness and Drug Mentioning, Control, Peers' Stress, Happiness, ,Unhappiness, Disorder Relations with Others, Family Problems, Physical & Psychological Pain through using the t.test for the independent groups .
- There were no significant differences for the Situations' degree and the relapse degree due to the interaction between the situation (and the social status (single, married, divorced) of the addicts and ex-addicts. It appeared that the degree of relapse was higher related to the family social problems and physical and psychological pain for the divorced ex-addicts and addicts.
- There were no significance differences for the relapse degree due to the interaction between the level of education of the addicts and ex-addicts.
- The economical level of addicts and ex-addicts ranged between difficult and medium. .
- There were no effect for the addicts' and ex-addicts' residence on the degree of relapse related to the eight situations.
- The addicts under treatment had higher satisfaction than the ex-addicts due to their awareness of the needs that will be fulfilled by the treatment services to help[them face life pressures.
- The ex-addicts had longer treatment period than the addicts under treatment. The period of treatment makes a difference which empowers the treated addict to face the relapse situations.

The study was concluded by the recommendations related to the study results.

1.1

2.1

3.1

4.1

5.1

6.1

7.1

: **1.1**

(2001)

5000

250

%2.4

(2007)

%2.41

		2005	
	15.000 -12.000		45.000 – 32.000
			9.000 – 6.400
			7.000 -5.000
2009/12/31	2009/1/1	2009	
		(611)	(704)
		(31 -20)	

" (Rassool & Kilpartrick, 1996:39)

)
(N.A Narcotics Anonymous)

A.A

."

(2004)

" (Gorski & Miller, 1986: 35)

.

:1986)

“(27

.

”.

”

12334 2007/8/13

”.

(2007)

:1997)

:

”(162

..

.

:

."

"(28 :1987)

"(114:2009) ."

"

" (2007)

(64)

4)

."

(

(2007)

(43)

(2006)

%90

)

)

"

(2010

" %95

(

" (2002)

.%15

%85

.%78

%22

(2007)

" (332 :1993)

)

" (183 :1986

"(110,2007 :) "

(%60-%40)

"

"(139: 1989)

"

(135 :2003)

"

.

"

.

" (181 :1990)

"

.

" (182 :1989)

"

.

(2004)

(2004)

"

.

" (80 :2001)

"

.

()

"

.

"(111 :2004)

(192 :1994) ."

."

(Simmons, 2008: 242)

.

(RPI6.2003: Matrix)

.

:

2:1

14

3:1

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

.5

.4:1

.5:1

.1

.2

.6:1

(0.05= α) .1

)

.(

(0.05 = α) .2

(0.05 = α) .3

(0.05 = α) .4

(0.05 = α) .5

(0.05 = α) .6

(0.05 = α) .7

.7:1

:

109

(53)

()

.(-)

.2009/3/30 2009/1/5 :

1.2

2.2

... 3.2

4.2

5.2

6.2



.1:2

(2006)

" (37 :2006)

" " "

. 500

"

525

"
(34 :1996 .) "

"

"

1912

. 1909
1914

.(1993)

:

.1.1.2

/

.1

.2

:

:

.1

: .2
 : () .3
 " :
 " :
 L.S. D. P.C.P. :
 .(101 :2005)
 (. .) :
 " :
 : .1
 : .2
) . : .3
 .(60 -59 :2001
 :
 : .1
) (T. H.C.)
 .(1993
 " (29 :1986)
 "

: .2

(2006)

()

" .

P.C.P
Cannabis Staves

.(109 :2006)

T.H.C

400)

T.H.C

.(Martin, 1995: 20)

35

: .3

.(95 :2005)

" (52 :1993)

"

"

.(54 :1993) "

"

: .4

(2006 :39) .

(1993 :56)
)

"

) ."

(1993 :56) .

(Heroin) : .5

"

1898

(1993 :60) "

.

)

:1985

)

(1997 :31) .

"

(40

()

)

()

()

()

(

"

"

"

(
.33 :1991)
"

" (40 :1994)

.(82 :1994) ."

"(117: 1982)

" "

" "

"

"

.

"

.

.(82 :1994)

: .7

" "

(2004) .

"

.

: .8
(Narcolepsy)

.
:2005)

" (100

) .

.(1999

(Ecstasy) .9

.
...

"

.(2004) .

:

-
-
-
-
-

. 48 -24

-
-
-
-

.(2004) .

(Lysergic Acid Diethyl lamide) L. S. D .10

.(L. S. D. 25))

(L. S. D.25)

"

30

.(1993)

- Trip

"

"

)

"

"

).(

.(1993

:

.11

...
)

.(3 :1991) (

()
(37 :1999)

.(29 :2002) .

.2.2

" " " ")

" (2004)

(2000)

" " 1.2.2

.2 .1

.1

:

(2006)

: ...

)"

.(1986

)

:

.2

)

(313 :1993)

Receptor

)

:

()

Tolerance

(2006) ()
)

(

.(2006)

" (156 :2003)

" " " "

()

(2003 :157) .

"

:

-

-

(2002) .

.2.2.2

" (1986) .

.(180 :2006) "

:

"

(159 -156 :1997)

(2006)
)

: .(94 :1986)

.1

.2

.3

.4

.(2006)

.5

()

()

"

"

..

" (1997)

" (2006)

.(59 :1986) "
compensation

.(1999)

Power Theory

.1.2.2.2

" (McClelland)

(2006)

.(2006) "

Person situation Interaction-

**.2.2.2.2
Littman**

:

loudwing

.(77 :2006)

Dependency Theory

.3.2.2.2

.(182 :2006)

Marlatt

.4.2.2.2

"(76 -74 :2006)

(65)

Marlatt

:

(

)

(15)

Marlatt

Theory Marlatt

.1

(High- Risk situations)

.2

.3

Marlatt

:

.5.2.2.2

:

: .1

.
(2006) .

" (311 :1986)

"

"

"

"

)

()

(2006)

Cognitive- Behavioral- Approach

.2

-

"

" "

.(2006)

- (2001)

.(2006)

Tension- Reduction Theory .3

"

:2006)"

(173

3.2.2

:

Social Learning Theory

1.3.2.2

:

- .1
 - .2
 - .3
- .(2006) .

.

.(2006)

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

) .5
(

.6

.7

.(2006)

2.3.2.2

"(1904 .Tarde)

:

.1

.2

.3

() (1999) (79 :2006)"

3.3.2.2

)

.(1999

)

" (80 :1999

"

.(81 :2006) "

Functional Theory

4.3.2.2

(212 :2006)

"

.(2006)

(Merton)

"

.(76 :1999)

"

.(2006) .

:
.1

.2

.3

.4

.5

.6

.(2006)

5.3.2.2

"

(2006)

" (75 :1999)

Merton,

:	.1
.	.2
"	.3

Elliott's Integrated Theory **6.3.2.2**

:	:	.1
.	:	.2

(2006)

"

(1999)

"

.(2006)

: .3

: .4

: .5

.(2006)

Labeling Approach 7.3.2.2

:

: .1

: .2

.(2006) .

... **3.2**

(2007)

1.3.2

-:

.1

(1994) .

.2

.3

(1994)

2.3.2

-:

.1

(2002) (21-15)

: .2

(2007)

: .3

. (2002)

:

: .1

: .2

(2007)

: .3

(2002 65:)

(2006) : .4

4.3.2

-:

-

(2002)

-

-

*

.1

.2

(2007)

.3

.4

.5

()

*

:

❖

.1

.2

.3

.4

(2007)

❖

❖

:

❖

❖

:

(2002)

❖

4.2

" "

" "

·
:

: _____ :

19-11

" (2006)

·"

19-11

"

· 19 -11

:

(61)

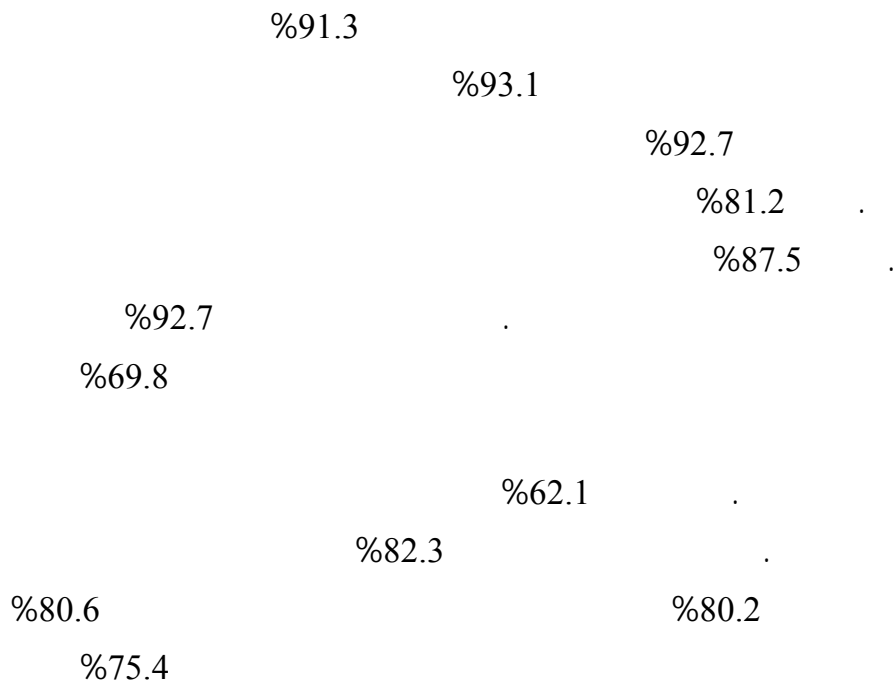
(320)

:

.1

.2

.3
.4
.5
.6
.7



" (2004)

"

(71)

34 -

37.1

:

%97.2

" (4.9)

"

"

" (2001)

"

400

(17.5)

%40

%60

%70

%47

%25

%50

%2.63

%20

" (1995)

."

(350)

%78.3

%52.6

%48.9 20 -12

20 -16

%16

20 -16

25 -21

%22.3

15

%88.6

%56.1

%91.2

%91.4

%83.1

%63.2

%24

%10

%63.1

LSD

:

" (1993)

."

SCL-)

(90

" "

:

(81)

()

29.3

23.0

30.2

(SCL- 90)

:

:

()

:

-

-

-

-

-

: " (1991)

."

()

36

()

()

(915)

(233)

%42.7

(406)

(321)

%24.5

%33.8

.()

:

.1

%.43.4

%95.5

%61.6

.2

%76.8

.3

%28.2 (%40)

%88.7

.4

%70.4

(%75.6)

%.61.5

30 -21

.5

15 -10

%70.5

20 -16

%20.2

%.3.7

-1948

" (1990)

."1987

:

.1

.()

.2

.3

:

.1

.2

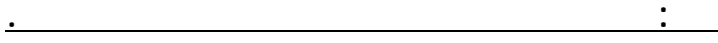
.3

-

-

1987

1948



" (2007)

"

)

:

.(

(80)

(80)

.

:

21,26

22.25

%15

%18.8

%61.3

%.5.5

%66.3

%.17.5

:

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

:

-

-

-

."):

" (2007)

(

952

. 30-17

401

"

"

(2006)

8

(22)

"

:

:

20
40 30 30
50 40
()

%100

%86.6

%91.7

%.100

:

.1

.2

.3

" (2006)

"

1426

(225)

%28.2

30

-20

%43.9

40

-30

40

%2.8

%.56.1

:

.1

:	.1
.	.2
.	.3
:	.1
.	.2
.	.3
.	.4
.	.5
.	.6

" (2005)

"

(60)

(60)

(120)

(35-26)

26

%51

%38

%67

%33

%62

%84

%85

%.25

%75

(Relapse)

%32

%68

%45

:

-1

-2

:

-1

%46.66

%46.42

-2

-3

-4

-5

-1

-2

-3

(2004)

(420)

(20-17)

.1

.2

.3

.4

:

()

.()

" (2004)

."

)

(

58

(32)

(52)

(48 -18)

(49 -22)

:

.1

.2

.3

:
.1

.2

.3

-20)
%10.34

%36.21 (29

:

."

" (2003)

(21) (46)

:
(25)

(21) (46)
(29.24) (46)

(30.1)
(25)

:
.1
.2
.3
.4

:
.1

" (2003)
"

:
49 -17 :
46 -17 :

(47) (86) (20) (39)
:

:
.1
.2
.3

.

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

" (2002)

"

(58 -19)

(440)

(219)

(221)

%20.3

%22.8

:

:

-

-

-

:

.1

.2

" (2002)

."

(260)

:

(157)

:

(21)

()

(82)

. :
.

:

19.5

19

%61.9

24

%90

%55.8

%52.4

()

%65.4

%15

%75.4

%92

%51.6

%35.9

%29.2

%74.4

%53.8

%64.2

%43

" (2000) "

(51)

()

(54)

()

.1

.(30 -19)

.2

.3

.4

.5

:

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

.5

.6

.7

.8

.9

.10

" (1995)

" "

()

(40) :

(24 -21)

(40)

()

()

:

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

()

-

-

"

""

"

(1995)

:

:

:

(42) .1

38 -22

32

38 -22

(10)

	44			.2
			48 -17	
			:	
		%47.6	:	-
%18.8			%19	
			%2.6	
		%20	%37.5	
	%75			-
		%25	%31.3	
		%20	%60	
%31.6	%37.5			-
		%31.6		
	%20	%40	%40	
	%25			-
	%31.25		%25	
%40		%40		
			%90.5	
	%81			-
		%71.43		-
				-

:		
	.%54.55	-
	.%27.27	-
	.%18.18	-
	.%13.64	-
	.%13.64	-
	.%9.9	-
	.%4.5	-

1.5.2

	.	
	.	-
	(1990)	
	(1991)	
	(2004)	(1993)
(1995)		
	(2006)	

(20-17)

:

-

:

:

(2006)

(2006)

(1995)

(2007)

(2004)

(1995) (2002)

(2000)
(2003)
(2003)
(2002)
:
- : -
-
-
-
-
(1995)
-
-

:

:

-1

-

:

-

-

6.2

:

" **Ibrahim(2009)**

"

-

(400)

1988

	1985	292696 Marlatt	2006
30			
%65	60	20	%86
	%47	%91	
		:	
		%6	23
		%53	211
		%42	166

" (SAN et al.,2006)
"

:

30-18

(350)
(22)

(28)

": (Fisher et at., 2006)

"

(180)

Neuroticism

. (Neuroticism)

200

": (Stephens & Collrell, 2006)

"

(NARA)

200

30
%87 30
90-80

": (Saunders et al., 2006)
"

(50) (44)

" (Mufti et al ...2003)

1993		1992			
	20-10			5	95
		%38	30-21		%6
	%15		50-41	%39	40-31
%54					%2
	%1	%1		%44	
%44		%23			%30
				%1	%2
		%42	%2		
	%20			%51	%56
		70-100			-
		%72			
					.%28
				%30	-

(Xavier Sanchez – Carboneil & Anna Vaireguti)

: (2002)

		(1995	1985)
		(135)		
		:	1985	
(%25)				(34)
7	11	%2.7		
76		15		
		(94)		
				(30)

" : **(Foster et al., 2002)**

"

(101)

(101)

%64 %76

(55)

%100

5

(500)

%26

%21

" : **(Mckay et al., 2002)**

"

18 12 6

(132)

12

(N.A)

:

%8

6-4

(Michael et al., 2002)

23

(242)

12

:

%40

%60

.1

.2

.3

": (Zywiak et al., 2002)

"

(183)

(Hser, Hoffman, NIDA- University Los Angeles

33

" (2001

581

1997

1964 -1962

%40

:

33

%10

1997-1996

1986-1985

1975 -1974

1964-1962

242

1997-1996

%50

HIV

" (Fiorentine, 1998)

."

26

48

182

%32

%22

10.9

7.9

" : (Rubin et al., 1996)

"

169)

(300)

(131

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

.5

.6

.7

.8

" : (Miller et al., 1996)

"

(122)

(122)

:

.1

.2

" . " " .3
 " - " .4
 " / " .5

" **(Derbas & Haddad, 1991)** "
 "

40
 31-12
 %92.5 37-15
 %95
 %52.5
 3-2 %47.5
)
 : (-
 .%85 -
 .%85 -
 .%80 -
 -
 .%67.5 -
 .%80 -
 .%87.5 -

%42.5

.%65

" (Simpson & Marsh, 1985)

" 12

(DARP)

12 (405) %82 %18 (490)
 34 %49 %51
 (40 %19)
 1973-1969
 (1985) 12 ()
 ()

12-6

12

%57

	12	:
%91		.3
	%85	.4
	%81	.5
%80		.6
	%83	.7
	%82	.8

1.6.2

()

Fisher 2006 , Rubin 1996, Miller 1996, Saunders 2006, Zywiak 1996

(2006 Saunders)

Mckay 2002 , Foster 2002,
SAN 2006, Simpson & Marsh 1985, Mufti 2003, Hser & Hoffrnan 2001
Sanchez &

Viaregut 2002

33

6

:

.

.

:

(100)

1.3
2.3
3.3
4.3
5.3
6.3
7.3
8.3
9.3
10.3

:



:

1.3

:

2.3

3.3

:

: -1

(33) (44) (109)

- (32)

(6.3) (32.09)

9.2) (20.3)

(0.92) (

. (26.2)

: -2

(3) (3) (51)

(6) - (4)

(35) (N.A)

) (41.05)

(16.6) (5.52

(1.5) (15.7)

. (27.7)

() 9.3 - 1.3

: 1.3

% 67.3	109	
% 32.7	53	
% 100	162	

: 4.3

107	32	40	35	
53	13	23	17	
160	45	63	52	

4.3

23

35

40

17

: 5.3

100	42	58	
51	12	39	
151	54	97	

5.3

12

42

: 6.3

49	12	37	
32	5	27	
81	17	64	

49
6.3

27
32
37

: 7.3

29	16	13	
7	4	3	
36	20	16	

29
13
7.3

7
3

: 8.3

32	13	19	
13	3	10	
45	16	29	

32
19

13
10

: 9.3

109	51	32	26	
53	17	20	16	
162	68	52	42	

9.3

51

20

: **4.3**

(2005) 100

100

:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8

: **5.3**

(120)

(2005)

3.18

32

:

. 0.78 (2000)

: -

0.74

(0.94)

:

: **6.3**

: **7.3**

)
(0.95 - 0.84)

0.98

(10.3

)

(0.92)

(0.93

10 :3

: 10.3

0.90	
0.86	
0.84	
0.95	
0.95	
0.92	
0.89	
0.94	
0.98	

كما بلغ معامل الثبات بالتجزئة النصفية 0.97

8.3

:

:

100

-1

-2

-3

-4

-5

-6

.(SPSS)

-7

1.4

1.1.4

2.1.4

1.2.1.4

2.2.1.4

3.2.1.4

4.2.1.4

5.2.1.4

6.2.1.4

7.2.1.4



1.4

100

:

1.1.4

Stepwise

)

0.02

0.217 R

.(

:

2.1.4

Stepwise

)

0.001

0.229 R

.(" "

:-

1.2.1.4

(0.05= α)
)

.(

(t.test)

:

(t.test)

1.4

:

							/
0.394	160	-0.85	4.43	6.14	109		
			4.87	6.79	53		
0.314	160	-1.01	6.49	10.19	109		
			7.64	12.03	53		
0.468	160	-0.72	8.18	13.81	109		
			9.90	14.89	53		
0.873	160	-0.16	12.26	21.24	109		
			16.12	21.60	53		
0.943	160	-0.07	16.40	29.96	109		
			21.29	35.75	53		
0.788	160	-0.27	19.78	34.75	109		
			26.51	35.75	53		
0.858	160	-0.18	21.21	37.25	109		
			28.27	37.96	53		
.0848	160	-0.19	24.32	41.94	109		
			32.60	42.81	53		

(1.4)

(0.05= α)
)

(

2.2.1.4

(0.05 = α)

()

.(2.4)

:

الانحراف المعياري	المتوسط الحسابي	الحالة الاجتماعية	الوضع	البعد/ المتغير
4.299	4.98	أعزب	مدمن	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار
4.62	6.51	متزوج		
2.29	8.0	مطلق		
4.41	6.00	المجموع		
5.159	4.42	أعزب	متعافٍ	
4.593	7.05	متزوج		
6.463	10.50	مطلق		
4.76	6.82	المجموع		
4.37	4.90	أعزب	المجموع	
4.59	6.74	متزوج		
3.04	8.45	مطلق		
4.53	6.26	المجموع		
6.347	9.41	أعزب	مدمن	اختبار القدرة على السيطرة على
6.848	11.21	متزوج		
3.316	14.67	مطلق		
6.85	10.75	المجموع		
7.761	7.28	أعزب	متعافٍ	
7.204	12.51	متزوج		
7.778	18.50	مطلق		
8.20	12.02	المجموع		
16.51	9.11	أعزب	المجموع	
6.99	11.77	متزوج		
4.15	15.36	مطلق		
6.85	11.16	المجموع		
8.067	12.43	أعزب	مدمن	ضغوط رفاق التعاطي
8.639	13.89	متزوج		
4.484	18.11	مطلق		
8.21	13.64	المجموع		
10.028	9.29	أعزب	متعافٍ	
9.369	15.34	متزوج		
8.485	25.00	مطلق		
9.70	14.88	المجموع		
8.32	12.00	أعزب	المجموع	
8.94	14.52	متزوج		
5.57	19.36	مطلق		
8.71	14.03	المجموع		

11.943	19.43	أعزب	مدمن	المشاعر السارة
13.315	21.77	متزوج		
5.644	23.89	مطلق		
12.28	20.94	المجموع		
16.416	17.14	أعزب	متعافٍ	
15.522	21.63	متزوج		
19.092	36.50	مطلق		
15.78	21.60	المجموع		
12.47	19.03	أعزب	المجموع	
14.23	21.71	متزوج		
9.37	26.18	مطلق		
13.45	21.15	المجموع		
16.403	27.09	أعزب	مدمن	المشاعر غير السارة
17.238	31.11	متزوج		
10.198	32.67	مطلق		
16.42	29.57	المجموع		
20.186	26.86	أعزب	متعافٍ	
20.739	29.95	متزوج		
24.042	50.00	مطلق		
20.74	30.32	المجموع		
16.74	27.05	أعزب	المجموع	
18.74	30.60	متزوج		
13.78	35.81	مطلق		
17.86	29.81	المجموع		
19.740	31.14	أعزب	مدمن	اضطراب العلاقات بالآخرين
20.627	36.36	متزوج		
13.201	37.56	مطلق		
19.76	34.29	المجموع		
25.310	32.57	أعزب	متعافٍ	
25.816	35.29	متزوج		
29.698	61.00	مطلق		
25.84	35.94	المجموع		
20.30	31.33	أعزب	المجموع	
22.90	35.89	متزوج		
17.82	41.81	مطلق		
21.82	34.82	المجموع		
21.237	33.59	أعزب	مدمن	المشكلات الأسرية
22.056	38.74	متزوج		
14.593	40.78	مطلق		
21.19	36.77	المجموع		
26.966	35.14	أعزب	متعافٍ	
27.546	37.34	متزوج		
29.698	66.00	مطلق		
27.56	38.18	المجموع		
21.80	33.80	أعزب	المجموع	
24.47	38.12	متزوج		
19.04	45.36	مطلق		
23.34	37.22	المجموع		

. 2:4

23.91	37.50	أعزب	مدمن	الآلام النفسية والبدنية والوهن
25.44	43.79	متزوج		
17.22	45.00	مطلق		
24.23	41.28	المجموع	متعافٍ	
31.28	39.00	أعزب		
31.73	42.29	متزوج		
36.76	73.00	مطلق		
43.06	43.06	المجموع	المجموع	
24.67	37.70	أعزب		
28.21	43.13	متزوج		
22.38	50.09	مطلق		
26.78	41.85	المجموع		

(2.4)

)

(

()

(3.4)

()

3.4 :

)

.(

	()				
.504	. 868	625.481	5	3127.404	
.000	133.236	96015.200	1	96015.200	
.251	1.327	956.167	1	956.167	) A (
.218	1.541	1110.271	2	2220.543	B
.398	.926	667.617	2	1335.235	A X B
		720.641	150	108096.205	
			156	384479.000	
			155	111223.609	

)

(3.4)

)

(0.05= α)

(

(

)

)

(

)

0.926 ()

0.398

(

3.2.1.4

(0.05 = α)

(4.4)

: (.4.4)

				/
4.86	7.20			.1
3.86	6.10			
4.41	5.41			
4.39	6.25			
3.32	6.23			
5.28	6.39			
5.83	8.23			
4.87	6.79			
4.40	6.88			
4.39	6.20			
4.96	6.22			
4.54	6.43			
7.05	11.77				.2
5.81	11.22			
6.42	10.09			
6.39	11.06			
5.43	10.94			
8.33	11.65			
8.91	14.15			
7.64	12.03			
6.52	11.50			
6.77	11.38			
7.36	11.26			
6.82	11.38			

: (.4.4)

9.06	14.94			.3
7.30	14.15			
8.11	12.81			
8.11	14.00			
7.28	13.52			
10.58	14.08			
11.75	18.07			
9.90	14.88			
8.47	14.48			
8.56	14.12			
9.42	14.33			
8.72	14.30			
14.56	23.31				.4
9.74	21.55			
12.13	19.40			
12.18	21.48			
12.70	18.70			
16.30	20.52			
19.35	27.30			
16.12	21.60			
14.03	21.80			
12.42	21.17			
14.80	21.68			
13.56	21.52			
19.11	34.08			.5
13.21	29.87			
15.87	26.90			
16.23	30.36			
17.02	25.94			
21.78	28.86			
24.74	38.00			
21.28	30.16			
18.69	31.42			
16.68	29.50			
19.24	30.11			
17.99	30.30			
22.96	39.80				.6

: (.4.4)

16.31	34.67			
18.86	31.00			
19.58	35.25			
21.28	30.05			
27.22	34.43			
30.49	45.53			
26.51	35.75			
22.69	36.16			
20.74	34.58			
23.42	35.20			
22.03	35.41			
24.35	42.94				.7
17.80	37.10			
20.07	33.03			
20.98	37.79			
22.87	32.00			
29.17	36.56			
32.21	48.23			
28.27	37.96			
24.22	39.36			
22.39	36.90			
24.80	37.42			
23.56	37.85			
27.55	49.40			.8
20.53	41.12			
23.11	36.78			
24.11	42.53			
26.62	35.05			
33.57	42.26			
37.07	53.92			
32.22	41.60			
27.83	44.71			
25.79	41.53			
28.51	41.73			
27.11	42.62			

(4.4)

)

(

4.39

6.25

4.87

6.79

4.54

6.43

7.64

12.03

24.11

42.53

()

(5.4)

()

5.4 :

)

.(

(5.4)

مستوى الدلالة	نسبة الخطأ في درجات الحرية	درجات الحرية	قيمة (ف)	القيمة	الأثر
.00	147.00	8.00	59.04	763.	التفاعل الكلي
.00	147.00	8.00	59.04	237.	
.00	147.00	8.00	59.04	3.214	
.00	147.00	8.00	59.04	3.214	
.152	147.00	8.00	1.52	077.	الوضع (مدمن، متعافٍ) A
.152	147.00	8.00	1.52	923.	
.152	147.00	8.00	1.52	083.	
.152	147.00	8.00	1.52	083.	
.746	296.00	16.00	745.	077.	مستوى التعليم B
.751	294.00	16.00	.741	924.	
.755	292.00	16.00	737.	081.	
.471	148.00	8.00	.958	052.	
.249	296.00	16.00	1.22	124.	التفاعل بين الوضع

.249	294.00	16.00	1.22	879.	والمستوى التعليمي A X B
.250	292.00	16.00	1.22	134.	
.084	148.00	8.00	1.78	096.	

) (5.4)
) (0.05=α

(
()
1.78 .249 1.22 ()
0.084

4.2.1.4

(0.05 = α)

(6.4)

: (.6.4)

				/
4.12	5.76			.1
4.54	5.37			
4.49	6.80			
4.43	6.13			
5.08	6.62			
4.23	6.35			
5.03	8.64			
4.87	6.79			
4.47	6.09			
4.38	5.36			
4.66	7.26			
4.57	6.35			

6.93	10.42			: (.6.4) .2	
6.55	10.15				
6.28	11.54				
6.49	10.87				
8.01	11.68				
6.55	9.80				
7.92	15.00				
7.64	12.03				
7.29	10.90				
6.49	10.01				
6.83	21.41				
6.88	11.25				
8.61	13.26				.3
8.06	13.00				
8.12	14.60				
8.18	13.81				
9.77	14.62				
8.75	11.70				
10.41	18.88				
9.90	14.88				
8.98	13.78				
8.27	12.50				
8.86	15.67				
8.76	14.16				
12.59	20.00			.4	
11.39	20.84				
12.76	22.11				
12.25	21.23				
15.53	21.87				
13.55	16.10				
17.92	27.82				
16.12	21.60				
13.63	20.71				
12.36	19.01				
14.30	23.54				
13.59	21.35				
15.91	26.73				.5

15.43	29.34			: (.6.4)
17.22	31.98			
16.39	29.95			
19.93	31.31			
18.58	22.25			
23.19	38.41			
21.28	30.16			
17.46	28.47			
16.89	26.61			
18.91	33.58			
18.07	30.02			
18.77	30.42				.6
18.41	34.09			
21.00	37.37			
19.77	34.75			
24.97	37.56			
22.85	25.50			
28.81	46.11			
26.51	35.75			
21.34	33.14			
20.45	30.78			
23.28	39.55			
22.12	35.08			
19.84	32.15			.7
19.88	36.37			
22.47	40.39			
21.20	37.24			
26.68	39.81			
24.55	27.00			
30.47	49.11			
28.27	37.96			
22.68	35.07			
22.05	32.76			
24.76	42.57			
23.66	37.48			
22.79	35.69			.8
22.90	41.25			

25.67	45.54			: (.6.4)
24.32	41.93			
31.39	45.18			
27.51	29.95			
35.24	55.70			
32.60	42.81			
26.44	39.30			
25.13	36.90			
28.42	48.08			
27.20	42.22			

(6.4)

) ()

(

23.66 **37.48**

49.11

30.47

)

(

32.60 42.81

()

(7.4)

)

: (. 7.4)

)

(

. (

	()				/	
.174	1.561	32.121	5	160.607	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار	
.201	1.474	68.959	5	344.794		
.184	1.528	115.503	5	577.513		
.197	1.487	270.740	5	1353.701		
.109	1.836	584.656	5	2923.282		
.074	2.054	973.654	5	4868.268		
.063	2.143	1150.040	5	5705.201		
.054	2.229	1589.383	5	7946.917	الآلام النفسية والبدنية والوهن	
.000	277.353	5707.660	1	5707.660	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار	
.000	386.236	18063.543	1	18063.543		
.000	376.037	28431.729	1	28431.729		
.000	349.380	63608.554	1	63608.554		
.000	390.477	124348.305	1	124348.305		
.000	360.524	170924.823	1	170924.823		
.000	358.696	193974.352	1	193974.352		
.000	345.286	2462321.424	1	24623.1424	الآلام النفسية والبدنية والوهن	
.250	1.333	27.431	1	27.431	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار	
.214	1.559	72.905	1	72.905		
.331	952.	71.943	1	71.943		(
.681	170.	30.883	1	30.883		
.668	185.	58.936	1	58.936		
.513	430.	203.939	1	203.939)
.556	349.	188.488	1	188.488		
.541	375.	267.634	1	267.634	الآلام النفسية والبدنية والوهن	

(7.4) :

.033	3.492	71.856	2	143.711	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار	
.052	3.019	141.211	2	282.422		
.040	3.277	247.744	2	495.488		
.055	3.961	539.013	2	1078.026		
.030	3.583	1140.970	2	2281.940		
.023	3.878	1838.436	2	3676.872		
.018	4.100	2217.352	2	4434.703		
.018	4.123	2940.258	2	5880.517	الالام النفسية والبدنية والوهن	
.589	532.	10.945	2	21.890	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار	
.378	978.	45.743	2	91.486		(
.279	1.288	97.420	2	194.839		
.151	1.911	347.929	2	695.858		
.132	2.055	654.352	2	1308.704		(
.099	2.343	1110.873	2	2221.746		
.104	2.299	1243.136	2	2486.272		
.085	2.507	1787.899	2	3575.799	الالام النفسية والبدنية والوهن	
		20.579	156	3210.337	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار	
		46.768	156	7295.830		
		75.609	156	11794.987		
		182.061	156	28401.533		
		318.453	156	49678.620		
		474.101	156	73959.689		
		540.777	156	84361.244		
		713.122	156	111247.083	الالام النفسية والبدنية والوهن	
			162	9907.00	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار	
			162	28155.00		
			162	44885.00		
			162	103654.00		
			162	198642.00		
			162	278189.00		
			162	317744.00		
			162	407994.00	الالام النفسية والبدنية والوهن	

(7.4) :

			161	3370.944	الاشتياق وتلميحات العقار
			161	7640.623	
			161	12372.500	
			161	29755.235	
			161	52601.901	
			161	78827.957	
			161	90156.444	
			161	119194.00	الآلام النفسية والبدنية والوهن

= α)

(7.4)

)

(0.05

(

(0.05 = α)

()

)

8.4 :

.(

			()		
.000	149.00	8.00	57.095	754.	التفاعل الكلي
.000	149.00	8.00	57.095	246.	
.000	149.00	8.00	57.095	3.066	
.000	149.00	8.00	57.095	3.066	
.148	149.00	8.00	1.540	076.	الوضع (مدمن، متعافٍ) A
.148	149.00	8.00	1.540	924.	
.148	149.00	8.00	1.540	083.	
.148	149.00	8.00	1.540	083.	
.734	300.00	16.00	757.	078.	المستوى الاقتصادي B
.731	298.00	16.00	.759	923.	
.728	296.00	16.00	762.	082.	
.239	150.00	8.00	1.316	070.	
.764	300.00	16.00	.728	075.	التفاعل بين الوضع (مدمن، متعافٍ) والمستوى الاقتصادي
.768	298.00	16.00	.725	926.	

.771	296.00	16.00	722.	078.	A X B
.438	150.00	8.00	.1.000	053.	

(8.4)

(0.05 = α)

()

.438

.1.000

()

.768

.725

5.2.1.4

(0.05 = α)

(9.4)

: (.9.4)

				/
4.50	5.70			.1
3.10	6.60			
4.84	6.35			
4.41	6.08			
4.65	6.00			
4.85	5.93			
4.30	10.25			
4.83	6.65			
4.52	5.79			
4.23	6.37			
4.95	7.35			
4.54	6.26			

جدول رقم (9.4.ب)

6.40	10.27			.2
5.87	11.80			
7.50	10.78			
6.49	10.81			
7.31	10.80			
7.78	11.07			
7.33	16.62			
7.60	11.78			
6.68	10.44			
6.49	11.55			
7.78	12.29			
6.85	11.11			
8.11	13.05			
7.37	14.83			
9.38	13.86			
8.16	13.72			
9.43	13.43			
9.92	13.33			
10.03	20.37			
9.82	14.49			
8.52	13.18			
8.22	14.33			
9.81	15.54			
8.70	13.96			
11.65	20.15			
11.11	22.63			
14.95	21.30			
12.21	21.08			
15.36	20.18			
15.35	18.80			
19.01	28.13			
15.93	21.02			
12.92	20.15			
12.62	21.35			
16.04	23.06			
13.46	21.06			
				.3
				.4

جدول رقم (9.4 ج)

15.70	28.80			.5
14.60	31.70			
19.98	29.43			
16.32	29.74			
20.76	27.90			
19.40	26.60			
24.50	39.87			
21.05	29.40			
17.45	28.49			
16.34	30.00			
21.31	32.12			
17.90	29.62			
19.16	33.40			
17.37	36.43			
23.95	34.43			
19.63	34.46			
25.93	32.96			
23.82	31.40			
30.94	47.37			
26.20	34.76			
21.49	33.25			
19.62	34.75			
26.02	37.77			
21.87	34.55			
20.45	36.00			
18.73	38.76			
25.66	36.87			
21.05	39.93			
27.58	38.90			
25.52	33.46			
33.16	50.12			
27.94	36.86			
22.94	35.60			
21.09	37.00			
27.82	40.29			
23.39	36.91			
				.6
				.7

جدول رقم (9.4) د

23.42	40.45			.8
21.84	43.83			
29.01	41.21			
24.11	41.55			
31.65	39.00			
29.47	28.53			
38.88	56.50			
32.22	41.60			
26.30	39.96			
24.43	42.06			
31.87	45.16			
26.87	41.57			

(9.4)

()

4.41

6.08

10.25

)

4.30

(

33.16

50.12

56.50

38.88

()

(10.4)

()

10.4 :

)

.(

			()		
.000	146.00	8.00	48.62	727.	
.000	146.00	8.00	48.62	273.	
.000	146.00	8.00	48.62	2.66	
.000	146.00	8.00	48.62	2.66	
.104	146.00	8.00	1.69	085.) A (
.104	146.00	8.00	1.69	915.	
.104	146.00	8.00	1.69	093.	
.104	146.00	8.00	1.69	093.	
.813	294.00	16.00	681.	071.	B
.817	292.00	16.00	677.	930.	
.820	290.00	16.00	673.	074.	
.554	147.00	16.00	858.	047.	
.927	294.00	16.00	537.	057.	() A X B
.928	292.00	16.00	535.	944.	
.929	290.00	16.00	532.	059.	
.625	147.00	8.00	775.	042.	

(10.4)

(0.05 = α)

.535 ()

.625

.775

()

.928

-:

6.2.1.4

(0.05=α)

(t.test)

:11.4

(t.test)

: 11.4

:

	()						
.001	4.58	129	1.7	2.47	78		
			0.77	1.30	53		

11.4

1.30

1.7

2.47

. 0.77

-:

7.2.1.4

(0.05=α)

(t.test)

:12.4

(t.test)

:12.4

:

	()						
.106	-.93	160	3.59	924.	109		
			4.07	1.51	53		

.924

12.4

4.07

1.5

. 3.59

الفصل الخامس

1.5

1.1.5

2.1.5

1.2.1.5

2.2.1.5

3.2.1.5

4.2.1.5

5.2.1.5

6.2.1.5

7.2.1.5

2.5

1.5

1.1.5

Stepwise

(2006)

%100

(2003) Mufti

2002)

Michael

%40

(

: _____ **2.1.5**

Stepwise

()

%74.4

(2003)

()

1.2.1.5

:

(0.05= α)
)

.(
(0.05= α)

)

4.43

6.14

12.26

21.24

37.25

)

14.89

7.64

12.03

35.75

9.90

21.29

35.75

26.51

35.75

19.78

(1996)

Miller

"

"

(1996)

Zywiak

(1995)

" "

)

(:

.

:

2.2.1.5

(0.05 = α)

.

) (0.05= α)

(

(0.05 = α)

) 0.926 ()

0.398

() (

)

		((
			14.59	40.78
	73.00			
	.			36.76
6.82			4.41	6.00
. 4.53	6.26			4.76

(2001)

(2006)

% 82.6

(1995)

%25

%75

"

(...

: 3.2.1.5

(0.05 = α)

.
)
(
6.79 4.39 6.25
4.87
4.54 6.43
7.64 12.03

24.11 42.53

) (0.05= α)

(

(0.05 = α)

1.22 ()

()

.084

1.78

.249

(2003) Mufti

(2006)

(2004) % 56.1

: 4.2.1.5

(0.05 = α)

) ()
(

23.66 37.48

49.11

30.47

)

32.60 42.81

(

(0.05 = α)

.1.000 () .768 .725 ()
.438

(2006)

(2001)

(2006) Stephens &Cottrell

:

5.2.1.5

(0.05 = α)

()

4.41

6.08

) 4.30 10.25

(

50.12

33.16

. 38.88

56.50

(0.05 = α)

.535

()

.625

.775

()

.928

(2006)

6.2.1.5

:

(0.05= α)

.
(t.test)

1.7

2.47

0.77

1.30

(2006)

(2001)

7.2.1.5

-:

(0.05= α)

.
(t.test)

.924

(2006)

(2003)

4.07

1.5

. 3.59

(2002)

2.5

:

:

-

-

-

-

-

-

()

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

" "

-

-

-

:

:

-

-

-

()

-

-

-

:

:

-

-

:

-

-

-

-

"

"

.....

:

.....

-

:
 .(2003) .
 .
 :(2004), ,
www.elazayem.com/new-page-15htm-23/11/1425-2004
 .. :(2004) .
 .
 . . - (2009)
 . . - (2006)
 .. (2005)
 :(2003) . ,
 . -
 :(2002) .
 .154-125 2 **1**
 . (2002). ,
 33 _____ . :(1995)
 .96-84
 :(2007) .
 - -14189 -2007 3-1428 13
[www.alrti\[yadh.com/20074/4/30Article27274html](http://www.alrti[yadh.com/20074/4/30Article27274html)
 " " : .(1431 10)
 - 2009 3 .
[.http://www.arrouiah.com/node/215327](http://www.arrouiah.com/node/215327)
 : :(2007)
 . -2007/8/13-12334

:(2007) .

:(2007)

2006.

1987-1984

:(1990) .

.()

:(1994).

" "

:(2002) .

:(2007) .

:(1995) .

:(1994) .

:(1985).

:(1995) .

.33-12 35 _____ ()

:(1982).

:(2001).

:(1999) .

:(2006) .

.() .

(2002)

www.assabelweekly-april2008 ()

3 . - :(2000) .

:(1996)

- :(2009) .

- : (2001).

:(2004) .

4 .

197-123

Bafree.net - (7) :(2007).

powered by ph pBB ©2001,2006

Bafree.net/forum/view to pic.php?t=49895Xstart=0Xposter=a... .

10/1/2007

:(2001).

:(2002) .

:(1989) .

:(1999) .

:(2004) .

-120 2006

-11 10 _____ .

124

:(2001).

"

2001.

264-223

:(1993) .

.() . .

:(2000) .

.159-140

55 _____

:(2005).

.()

:(2004) .

-283

28 _____

318

:(1993).

100

:(2005) .

:(1986) .

19-11

:(2006) .

() -

:(2003) .

.659- 637 **3 31** _____

:(2005) .

:(1999).

:(2003) .

.147-114

68 67

:(2006) .

: (1991) .

() .

:(2006) .

:(2001) .

:(2002) .

. 123-75

65

" " .(1990)

(2031)

:(2006).

<http://www.alamal.med.sa/news166.shtm1> .

:(2007).

:(2004).

:(1986).

:(1997) .

:(1991) .

:(1989) .

() . :(2006).

. - -
- :(1990) .

References

Carbonell, XA, SO, Vilaregut, A. (2002): A 10 year follow-up study on the health status of heroin addicts based on official registers, *Journal of Addiction*, **96**(12), 1777-1786.

Derbas, A.N. AL- Haddad, M.K. (1999), Factors associated with immediate relapse among Bahraini heroin abusers, *Eastern Mediterranean health Journal*, **7**(3), 473-480.

Foster, J. Brewer, C. Steel, T. (2002): Naltretone implants can completely prevent early (1-month) relapse after opiate detoxification: a pilot study of tow cohorts totaling 101 patients with a note on noltrexone blood Levels, *Journal of Addiction*, **8**(2), 211-217.

Fiorentine, Robert. (1998): **Men And Women in drug abuse treatment relapse at different rates and for different reasons.** The national institute on drug abuse. NIDA Notes. Vo13, No4, Novmber 1998.
www.drugabuse.gov/NIDA-Notes/NNVo113N4 Relapse htm1279\1419

Fisher, L, Elias, J.W Ritz, K. (2006): Predicting Relapse to Substance abuse as a function of Personality Dimensions, *Journal of Addiction*, **22**(5), p. 1047.

Gorski, T. (2001): **Relapse Prevention in the Managed Care Environment.**www.togorski.com/articles/relapse,4/7/2008>

Gorski, Terence T. & Miller, Merlene (1986): **Staying sober**, Guide for relapse \ prevention. United States of America.

Haser, Y-I. Hoffman, V. Grella, C.E. (2001): **33-year study finds Life long, Lethal consequences of heroin addiction** ,The national in statute on drug abuse NIDA NOTE 4.October(2001)pp.503-508

Ibrahim, F.Kumar,N. (2009):The influence of community on relapse addiction to drug use : Evidence from Malaysia,
European Journal of Social Sciences, **11**(3),471-476.

Martin, B.R. (1995): **Marijuana: what it is and what it does**, national conference on marijuana use: Prevention. Treatment, and Research, p. 20.

MATRIX INSTITUTE.(2003): **Matrix model of individualized intensive out Patient Drug and alcohol treatment** (MM110) therapist manual (2003). RPI6.

Mckay, J. Merikle, E. Mulvaney, F, D. Weiss, R.V. Koppenhaver, J.M. (2002): Factors accounting for cocaine use two years following initiation of continuing care, **Journal of Addiction**, **96(2)**, 213-225.

Michael, G. Ducan,s. Nadine, B. John, M. (2002): Factors Associated with Abstinence Lapse or Relapse to Heroin use after Residential treatment, **Journal of Addiction**, **97(10)**, 1259-1270.

Miller, W. Westerberg, V. Harris, R. Tonigan, S. (1996). What predicts relapse Prospective testing of antecedent Models? **Journal of Addiction**, **91(12)**, 155-171.

Mufti, k. Said, S. Farooq, S. Haroon, A. Nazeer, A . Naree, S. Hussain, I. (2003): **five year follow up of 100 Heroin Addicts in Peshawar**. Nishtarobad, Peshawar, Pakistan, www.ayubmed.edu.PK/JAMC/PAST/16-3KhalidMufti htm 28\9\1419

Rassooll, Hussein. Kilpatrick, Bridget.(1996): **Review of existing treatment intervention: indicators for treatment strategies**. Conference proceedings, march 1-2, Malta: sedqa pp.32-36.

Ray, O. ksir, C. (1990): **Drug Society & Human Behavior**, Times **Mirror**, Mosby, U. S. A.

Rubin, A. Stout, R. Longabough, R. (1996): Gender differences in relapse situation, **Journal of Addiction** **91(12)**, 111-120.

San,L. Pomarol, G. Peri, J,M. Olle, J.M. Cami, J. (2006): Follow-up after six month maintenance period on naltrex one versus placebo in heroin addicts, **Journal of Addiction**, **86(8)**, 983-990.

Saunders, B. Bail, S. Phillips, M. Allsop, S. (2006): Women with alcohol Problems: do they relapse for reasons different to their mail counterparts, **Journal of Addiction**, **88(10)**, 1413-1422.

Simmons. L . (2008): **Everything Health Guide to addiction and Recovery**, FIW Publications Company. USA.

Simpson, D. Marsh, K.L, (1985): **Relapse and Recovery Among Opioid Addicts 12 years After Treatment**, National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) Research Monograph 72 pp86-102.

Stephens, R. Cottrell, E (2006): Follow-up study of 200 Narcotic Addicts committed for treatment Under the Narcotic Addict Rehabilitation, *Journal of Addiction, 67(1)*, 45 -53.

Zywiak, W.Connors, G.Maisto,S.Westerberg,V.(2002):Relaps Research and Reasons for Drinking Questionnaire :A factor Analysis of Marlatts' Relapse Taxonomy, *Journal of Addiction, 91(12)*, 121 -130 .

:(1)

100

:(2)

:(3)

(4)

(5)

:(6)

()

:(7)

:(8)

.

:(9)

/

(1)

(100)

SOS

.1

.2

.3

.4

.5

.6

.7

.8

.9

(2)

أ.د. عبدالله عسكر، د. رأفت عسكر، د. رشا الديدي

- 165 -

(√)

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
						----- :
----- :	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>					<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

(v)

.

...

		1
		2
		3
		4
		5
		6
		7
		8
		9
		10
		11
		12
		13
		14
		15
		16
		17
		18
		19
		20

		21
		22
		23
		24
		25
		26
		27
		28
		29
		30
		31
		32
		33
		34
		35
		36
		37
		38
		39
		40
		41
		42
		43
		44
		45
		46
		47

		48
		49
		50
		51
		52
		53
		54
		55
		56
		57
		58
		59
		60
		61
		62
		63
		64

		65
		66
		67
		68
		69
		70
		71
		72
		73
		74
		75
		76
		77
		78
		79
		80
		81
		82
		83
		84
		85
		86
		87
		88
		89
		90

		91
		92
		93
		94
		95
		96
		97
		98
		99
		100

:

	- 1
	- 2
	- 3
	- 4
	- 5
	- 6
	- 7
	- 8
	- 9
	- 10

(3)

-

.

(x)

/

:

:

:

..... -1

-3 -2 -1 :

..... -5 -4 -2

..... -3

-3 -2 -1 :

..... -4 -4

-3 -2 -1 :

-5 -4 -5

-2 -1 :

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 & & & \dots\dots\dots \\
 & & \square & -2 & \square & -1 \\
 & & \square & -2 & \square & -1 \\
 & & \square & -2 & \square & -1 \\
 \square & -3 & \square & -2 & \square & -1 \\
 & & & & \square & -4
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \dots\dots\dots & & & & & & \\
 \square & -2 & & \square & -1 & : & -7 \\
 & & & (&) & & \\
 \square & -2 & & \square & -1 & & -8 \\
 \square & -2 & & \square & -1 & & -9
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \dots\dots\dots & & & & & \dots\dots\dots & \\
 & & & \dots\dots\dots & & & -10 \\
 \square & -2 & & \square & -1 & & -11
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & & & & & \dots\dots\dots & \\
 & & & & & \dots\dots\dots & -12 \\
 & & & : & & & -13 \\
 \square & & & & & \square & -1 \\
 \square & & & & & \square & -2 \\
 \square & & & & & \square & -3
 \end{array}$$

	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-4
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-5
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-6
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-7
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-8
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-9
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-10
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-11
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-12
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-13
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-14
			:	(...)
				(...)
	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	-15
				(Trip)
		.....		- 17
		.....		-18
		.....		-19
		.....		-20
.....	(		)	-21
.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	-2	<input type="checkbox"/>	-1
			:	-22
			:	-23
			()	-1

() -2
 () -3
 () -4
 () -5
 () -6
 : -24

(x)

∴

			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			10
			11
			12
			13
			14

			15
			16
			17
			18
			19
			20
			21
			22
			23
			24
			25
			26
			27
			28
			29
			30
			31
			32

			33
			34
			35
			36
			37
			38
			39
			40
			41
			42
			43
			44
			45
			46
			47
			48
			50
			49
			51
			52
			53
			54
			55
			56
			57

			58
			59
			60
			61
			62
			63
			64
			65
			66
			67
			68
			69
			70
			71
			72
			73
		/ /	74
			75
			76
			77
			78
			79
			80
			81

			82
			83
			84
			85
			86
			87
			88
			89
			90
			91
			92
			93
			94
			95
			96
			97
			98
			99
			100

:

/

	-1
	-2
	-3
	-4
	-5
	-6
	-7
	-8
	-9
	10

ملحق رقم (4)

98	51	47	
49	38	11	
147	89	58	
85	76	51	
49	20	45	
143	96	96	
82	76	6	
47	30	17	
129	106	23	
82	68	14	
49	31	18	
131	99	82	
105	11	94	
51	3	48	
156	14	142	
101	14	87	
52	6	46	
153	20	133	

95	29	66	
51	2	49	
146	31	115	
83	57	26	
47	13	34	
130	70	60	
80	73	7	
45	33	12	
125	106	19	
85	58	27	
49	12	37	
134	70	64	
91	42	49	
49	8	41	
140	50	90	
89	57	32	
51	23	28	
140	80	60	
89	47	42	
49	11	38	
138	58	80	
	/		

99	41	58	
50	24	26	
149	65	48	
	Trip		
92	65	27	
50	30	20	
*142	95	47	

162

*

ملحق رقم (5)

)

.(

.924	9.29	20.38	33.65	.744	25.22	26.14	6.30	32.99		
109	109	109	66	109	68	92	76	109		
3.597	8.896	8.286	9.726	.591	8.033	13.650	3.581	9.415		
1.51	15.71	16.64	32.28	1.36	26.50	27.77	5.52	41.05		
53	53	53	32	53	36	48	44	53		
4.074	8.986	4.341	8.219	1.171	11.609	16.004	2.00	7.634		
1.11	11.39	19.160	33.20	.947	25.66	26.70	6016	35.62		
162	162	162	98	162	104	140	120	162		
3.757	9.397	7.433	9.241	.873	9.388	14.463	3.111	9.628		

ملحق رقم (6)

التوجه للعلاج برغبة ذاتية/ بعدم رغبة

:

-1

-2

-3

-4

" -5

-6

" -7

-8

-9

" -10

-11

" -12

" -13

" -14

" -15

-16

-17

-18

" -19

-20

-21

-22

.	-23
.	-24
.	-25
.	-26
-:	
.	-1
.	-2
.	-3
.	-4
.	-5
.	-6
.	-7
.	-8

ملحق رقم (7)

أسباب العودة للتعاطي (الانتكاسة)

()

:

:

-1

-2

-3

-4

-5

-6

-7

-8

-9

-10

-11

-12

-13

-14

-15

-16

-17

-18

-19

-20

.	-21
"	-22
.	-23
.	-24
.	-25
.	-26
" "	-27
.()	-28
	-29
.	-30
.	-31
.	-32
.	-33
.	-34
.	-35
.	-36
.	-37
.	-38
.	-39
.	-40
.	-41
.	-42
.	-43
.	-44

. -45

. -46

. -47

." " -48

(8)

() _____

-:

-1

-2

-3

"

" -4

"

" -5

-6

"

" -7

-8

-9

-10

()

-11

-12

-13

-14

-15

-16

-17

-18

-19

-20

-21

-22

-23

-24

-25

-26

-27

-28

-29

-30

-31

-32

-33

-34

-35

-36

() NA : -37

-38

-39

-40

-41

-42

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

Al-Quds University
Faculty of Educational Science
Graduate Studies Programs



جامعة القدس
كلية العلوم التربوية
برامج الدراسات العليا

الرقم: ب د ع/08/12/96/12

التاريخ: 2008/12/20

حضرة العقيد عبد الحليم العالول المحترم
مدير الإدارة العامة لمكافحة المخدرات - المحافظات الشمالية

الموضوع: تسهيل مهمة

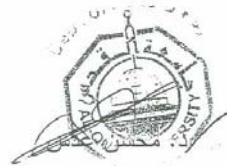
تحية طيبة وبعد،،

تقوم الطالبة: عفاف عبد الكريم مرشد ربيع ورقمها الجامعي (20510108)، بدراسة تتعلق
برسالة ماجستير، بعنوان
" مقارنة درجة الانتكاسة لدى عينة من المتعافين والمدمنين على المخدرات "

لذا يرجى من حضرتكم تسهيل مهمة الطالبة المذكورة أعلاه والتعاون معها.

شاكرين لكم حسن تعاونكم

والله الموفق



منسق برامج الدراسات العليا / كلية العلوم التربوية

148		1
149	100	2
155		3
164		4
167		5
168		6
170	()	7
173		8
176-175	/	(+)9
	/	

89		1.3
90		2.3
90		3.3
91		4.3
91		5.3
91		6.3
92		7.3
92		8.3
92		9.3
95		10.3
99	t.test	1.4
101		2.4
104	()	3.4
105		4.4
108	()	5.4
109		6.4
113	()	7.4

115	()	8.4
116		9.4
120	()	10.4
121	(t.test)	11.4
121	(t.test)	12.4

فهرس المحتويات

1 :	
2		1.1
9		2.1
10		3.1
10		4.1
11		5.1
11		6.1
12		7.1
13 :	
14		1.2
23		2.2
24	" "	1.2.2
26		2.2.2
28	power theory	1.2.2.2
29	person situation traction	2.2.2.2
29	dependency theory	3.2.2.2
30	marlatt -	4.2.2.2

31		5.2.2
33		3.2.2
33		1.3.2.2
34		2.3.2.2
34		3.3.2.2
35	functional theory	4.3.2.2
36		5.3.2.2
37	Elliot gintegrated theory	6.3.2.2
38	labeling approach	7.3.2.2
38	...	3.2
39		1.3.2
39		2.3.2
40		4.3.2
42		4.2
44		5.2
69		1.5.2
72		6.2
84		1.6.2
87	:	
88		3
88		1.3
88		2.3
89		3.3
93		4.3
93		5.3
94		6.3
94		7.3

95		8.3
96		9.3
96		10.3
97	:	
98		1.4
98		1.1.4
98		2.1.4
99		1.2.1.4
100		2.2.1.4
105		3.2.1.4
109		4.2.1.4
116		5.2.1.4
121		6.2.1.4
121		7.2.1.4
123	:	
124		1.5
124		1.1.5
125		2.1.5
126		1.2.1.5
127		2.2.1.5
129		3.2.1.5
130		4.2.1.5
131		5.2.1.5
133		6.2.1.5
133		7.2.1.5
134		2.5
	:	

138		
144		
147		
177		
178		
180		

-

(109)

:

.1

.2

(53)

(162)

(2005)

(100)

.(0.97)

0.217 R Stepwise (0.02)

إجراء معامل الانحدار المتعدد بطريقة Stepwise حيث بلغت قيمة R 0.229 وهي دالة عند مستوى 0.001.

)

.(

) () ()

()

▪

▪

▪

▪

▪

▪

"Relapse degree among sample of drug ex-addicts and addicts"

Prepared by : Afaf Rabee

Supervised by : Prof: Taisir Abdallah

The Abstract

The study aimed at identifying the degree of relapse and the reversion to drug addiction by the addicts and ex-addicts post the treatment process and the most effective factors which affect the relapse and the reversion to the addiction substances, knowing that the ratio of drug treatment of addicts is internationally low. At the same time, there is an increase in the size of the phenomenon of drug addiction in the Palestinian Society despite the national and official efforts to limit the use and misuse of the phenomenon of drug addiction with reference to awareness, prevention and intervention programs.

To achieve the objectives of the study, the population and sample of the study were defined. The study population consisted of the addicts and ex-addicts at the Treatment, Rehabilitation and Restoration Centers.

The study sample consisted of 2 samples:

1. 109 addicts under treatment who are distributed among one In-Patient Treatment Center (NGO), and seven Restoration Centers allocated in the Northern and the Middle Governorates affiliated to the Palestinian Authority.
2. 53 Ex- addicts who have completed their treatment process since 2 years and are in contact with the follow up counseling programs provided by the affiliated Treatment Centers.

The total number of the study sample is 162 .

The researcher used the Descriptive Methodology to compare the reasons that caused the relapse as well as the reversion to drug use among drug addicts and ex-addicts due to certain variables .

The researcher used the questionnaire called "Situations of Relapse (100)" prepared by Askar & others (2005), which includes the Risky situations which lead to the relapse of drug addiction due to its psychological effects.

The questionnaire was judged by a group of specialists and the Reliability Coefficient was applied to the Situations' Divisions and the Validity of the total questionnaire was (0.97). The information were gathered and classified in addition to the scientific analysis to extract the results.

The study attained the following results :

- The variables which predicted the relapse of the addicts were using the Hubble Bubble or have joined a treatment program or during imprisonment and this was found through the stepwise variable which its value was found as R 0.217 and this was significant at the (0.02) level. .
- The variables which predicted the relapse by the ex-addicts were the Hubble Bubble and drug use of ecstasy pills through the stepwise variable which was found R .229 and this is statistically significant at the (0.001) level .
- There were no significant differences related to the degree of relapse for the addicts compared to the ex-addicts at the eight relapse situations : Eagerness and Drug Mentioning, Control, Peers' Stress, Happiness, ,Unhappiness, Disorder Relations with Others, Family Problems, Physical & Psychological Pain through using the t.test for the independent groups .
- There were no significant differences for the Situations' degree and the relapse degree due to the interaction between the situation (and the social status (single, married, divorced) of the addicts and ex-addicts. It appeared that the degree of relapse was higher related to the family social problems and physical and psychological pain for the divorced ex-addicts and addicts.
- There were no significance differences for the relapse degree due to the interaction between the level of education of the addicts and ex-addicts.
- The economical level of addicts and ex-addicts ranged between difficult and medium. .
- There were no effect for the addicts' and ex-addicts' residence on the degree of relapse related to the eight situations.
- The addicts under treatment had higher satisfaction than the ex-addicts due to their awareness of the needs that will be fulfilled by the treatment services to help[them face life pressures.
- The ex-addicts had longer treatment period than the addicts under treatment. The period of treatment makes a difference which empowers the treated addict to face the relapse situations.

The study was concluded by the recommendations related to the study results.